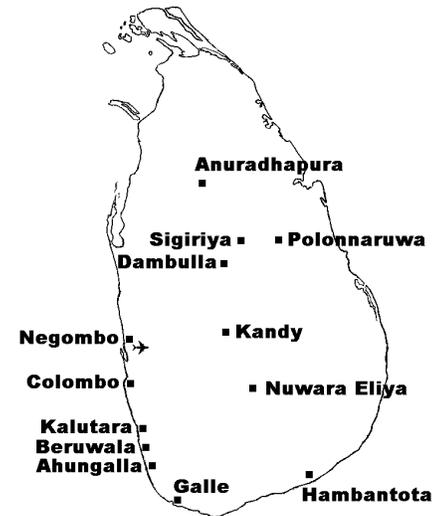


Sri Lanka

7 Nights / 8 Days



The Program.

Day 1	Colombo	Arrival and transfer to Colombo, check in, and overnight stay
Day2	Dambula /Kandalama	Breakfast at Hotel City tour of Colombo Proceed to Dambulla rock Continue to Kandalama heritage hotel to check in Rest of the evening at leisure
Day 3	Sigiriya	Breakfast at Hotel Proceed to Sigiriya
Day4	Matale /Kandy	Breakfast at Hotel Proceed to Matale Drive around the Kandy Lake Visit the Kandy town and bazaar Visit the Temple of the Tooth Relic in Kandy. Witness a cultural show. Overnight stay at Earl's Regency.
Day5	Peradeniya / Nuwera Eliya	Breakfast at Hotel Proceed to Peradeniya Visit a tea plantation and a tea factory Visit Nuwara Eliya Overnight stay at Earl's Regency
Day6	Pinnawela / Ahungalla	Breakfast at Hotel, Proceed to Pinnawela Continue to Ahungalla, check in at hotel, afternoon at leisure. Overnight stay at Heritage Ahungalla
Day7	Ahungalla	Free day at leisure
Day8	Ahungalla	Day at leisure & transfer to the airport

Colombo

Colombo like many capital cities in developing countries is fast changing its face. Almost overnight, skyscrapers arise from where old buildings once stood. Yet in some parts, the old world charm is retained.

Dambulla Rock

Dambulla rock temple which was built by king Walagambahu in the 1st century B.C. and it is a World Heritage Site. It is the most impressive of Sri Lanka's cave temples. It contains over 150 images of the Buddha of which the largest is the colossal figure of the Buddha carved out of rock and spanning 14 meters

Sigiriya

Climb the 5th century Sigiriya rock fortress which is a world heritage site, built by King Kashyapa (477-495 AD). The 'Lion Rock' is a citadel of unusual beauty rising 200 meters from the scrub jungle.

Matale

Visit a spice garden in Matale to see different spices for which Sri Lanka is famous for. You can witness a Cookery demonstration.

Kandy lake

The Kandy Lake built by the last Sinhala king, Sri Wickrama Rajasinghe in 1798.

Peradeniya

Peradeniya is a botanical garden was first built as a pleasure garden by a Sinhala king and was expanded by the British. It is 147 acres in extent and provides an amazing variety of trees, plants and flowers.

Nuwara Eliya

Nuwara Eliya is Sri Lankans most popular hill resort. It is also the heart of Sri Lankans tea country producing a significant share of the world's best tea. Sri Lanka's highest mountain Pidurutalagala (8282 feet) is located here. Nuwara Eliya also has one of the finest 18 holes golf courses in South Asia.

Pinnawala

It is an Elephant Orphanage, established in 1975, commenced with seven orphans. Today some of these orphans enjoy the fortune of seeing their grandchildren born in the same location. The original objective of establishing the orphanage inclined more towards tourism, but is soon became a conservation and educational center.

