

India

7 Nights / 8 Days

The Program.

Day1	Delhi	Arrival and transfer to Delhi, check in, and overnight stay
Day2	Delhi	Breakfast at Hotel Full Day Delhi Tour: Qutub Minar, Humayun Tomb, India Gate...
Day3	Delhi / Jaipur	Breakfast at Hotel Transfer to Jaipur
Day4	Jaipur	Breakfast at Hotel Jaipur Tour: Visit the Amber Fort, afternoon sightseeing tour of Jaipur city: Hawa Mahal, City Palace & Jantar Mantar
Day5	Jaipur / Agra	Breakfast at Hotel Transfer to Agra, enroute stop to visit Fatehpur Sikri
Day6	Agra	Breakfast at Hotel Morning visit Taj Mahal & Agra Fort Afternoon at leisure
Day7	Agra / Delhi	Breakfast at Hotel Transfer to Delhi Free afternoon
Day8	Delhi	Breakfast at Hotel Shopping day Tour + city tour Afternoon transfer to Airport to catch the flight back home

Full day Delhi Tour:

Full day sightseeing of Old & New Delhi including visit to Jama Masjid, drive past Red Fort, Raj Ghat. Continue your sightseeing tour of New Delhi with drive past India Gate & Rashtrapati Bhawan-The President House, Parliament house. Then visit Qutab Minar & Humayun's Tomb.

Jaipur Tour

First visit Amer Fort- The fort was built by Raja Man Singh I.

City Palace - which includes the Chandra Mahal and Mubarak Mahal palaces and other buildings, is a palace complex in Jaipur, the capital of the Rajasthan state, India. It was the seat of the Maharaja of Jaipur, the head of the Kachwaha Rajput clan. The Chandra Mahal palace now houses a museum but the greatest part of it is still a royal residence. The palace complex, which is located northeast of the centre of the grid patterned Jaipur city, incorporates an impressive and vast array of courtyards, gardens and buildings. The palace was built between 1729 and 1732, initially by Sawai Jai Singh II, the ruler of Amber.

Also visit Jantar Mantar - Observatory.

Taj Mahal & Agra Fort:

Visit Agra City including Taj Mahal (remains closed on Fridays) & Agra Fort – a UNESCO World Heritage site located in Agra , Uttar Pradesh. The Taj Mahal is a white marble mausoleum, It was built by Mughal emperor Shah Jahan in memory of his third wife, Mumtaz Mahal. The Taj Mahal is widely recognized as "the jewel of Muslim art in India and one of the universally admired masterpieces of the world's heritage". Taj Mahal is regarded by many as the finest example of Mughal architecture, a style that combines elements from Islamic, Persian, Ottoman Turkish and Indian architectural styles.

Agra Fort, is about 2.5 km northwest of its more famous sister monument, the Taj Mahal. The fort can be more accurately described as a walled city. Agra Fort was originally a brick fort, held by the Hindu Sikarwar Rajputs. It was mentioned for the first time in 1080 AD when a Ghaznavide force captured it. Sikandar Lodi (1488–1517) was the first Sultan of Delhi who shifted to Agra and lived in the fort. He governed the country from here and Agra assumed the importance of the second capital. He died in the fort at 1517 and his son, Ibrahim Lodi, held it for nine years until he was defeated and killed at Panipat in 1526. Several palaces, wells and a mosque were built by him in the fort during his period.

